LiveCode 8.1 provides important improvements for delivering high-quality cross-platform applications!

- LiveCode Indy and Business editions now come with the tsNet external, which supercharges LiveCode’s Internet features and performance. LiveCode 8.1 also introduces mergHealthKit, for accessing activity, sport and health data on iOS devices.

- The standalone builder now has a greatly-improved user experience for including externals, script libraries and LiveCode Builder extensions in your cross-platform application. Usually, it'll now do the right thing automatically, but you can still select the specific inclusions you need.

- The IDE has lots of other upgrades, too: a keyboard-navigable Project Browser that
highlights any scripts that failed to compile, an improved dictionary user interface, and access to the message box just by starting to type.

- The player control can be used in Windows application without any need for users to install any additional libraries or dependencies, thanks to a brand new player implementation based on DirectShow. For most apps, it should now be unnecessary to install or use QuickTime at all.

- The LiveCode Builder programming language has had some enhancements as part of the Infinite LiveCode project. Variables now get initialised by default, unsafe blocks and handlers can be used to flag sections of code that do dangerous things, and you can even include raw bytecode if necessary.

Known issues

- The installer will currently fail if you run it from a network share on Windows. Please copy the installer to a local disk before launching on this platform.

- The browser widget does not work on 32-bit Linux.

- 64-bit standalones for Mac OS X do not have support for audio recording.

Platform support

The engine supports a variety of operating systems and versions. This section describes the platforms that we ensure the engine runs on without issue (although in some cases with reduced functionality).

Windows

LiveCode supports the following versions of Windows:

- Windows XP SP2 and above
- Windows Server 2003
- Windows Vista SP1 and above (both 32-bit and 64-bit)
- Windows 7 (both 32-bit and 64-bit)
- Windows Server 2008
- Windows 8.x (Desktop)
- Windows 10

Note: On 64-bit Windows installations, LiveCode runs as a 32-bit application through the WoW layer.
Linux

LiveCode supports the following Linux distributions, on 32-bit or 64-bit Intel/AMD or compatible processors:

- Ubuntu 14.04 and 16.04
- Fedora 23 & 24
- Debian 7 (Wheezy) and 8 (Jessie) [server]
- CentOS 7 [server]

LiveCode may also run on Linux installations which meet the following requirements:

- Required dependencies for core functionality:
  - glibc 2.13 or later
  - glib 2.0 or later

- Optional requirements for GUI functionality:
  - GTK/GDK 2.24 or later
  - Pango with Xft support
  - esd (optional, needed for audio output)
  - mplayer (optional, needed for media player functionality)
  - lcms (optional, required for color profile support in images)
  - gksu (optional, required for privilege elevation support)

Note: If the optional requirements are not present then LiveCode will still run but the specified features will be disabled.

Note: The requirements for GUI functionality are also required by Firefox and Chrome, so if your Linux distribution runs one of those, it will run LiveCode.

Note: It may be possible to compile and run LiveCode Community for Linux on other architectures but this is not officially supported.

Mac

The Mac engine supports:

- 10.6.x (Snow Leopard) on Intel
- 10.7.x (Lion) on Intel
- 10.8.x (Mountain Lion) on Intel
- 10.9.x (Mavericks) on Intel
- 10.10.x (Yosemite) on Intel
- 10.11.x (El Capitan) on Intel
- 10.12.x (Sierra) on Intel
- 10.13.x (High Sierra) on Intel

iOS

iOS deployment is possible when running LiveCode IDE on a Mac, and provided Xcode is installed and has been set in LiveCode Preferences (in the Mobile Support pane).
Currently, the supported versions of Xcode are:

- Xcode 4.6 on MacOS X 10.7
- Xcode 5.1 on MacOS X 10.8
- Xcode 6.2 on MacOS X 10.9
- Xcode 6.2 and 7.2 on Mac OS X 10.10
- Xcode 8.2 on MacOS X 10.11
- Xcode 9.2 on MacOS 10.12 (Note: You need to upgrade to 10.12.6)
- Xcode 9.3 on MacOS 10.13 (Note: You need to upgrade to 10.13.2)

It is also possible to set other versions of Xcode, to allow testing on a wider range of iOS simulators. For instance, on OS X 10.10 (Yosemite), you can add Xcode 5.1 in the Mobile Support preferences, to let you test your stack on the iOS Simulator 7.1.

We currently support deployment for the following versions of iOS:

- 6.1 [simulator]
- 7.1 [simulator]
- 8.2 [simulator]
- 9.2
- 10.2
- 11.2
- 11.3

### Android

LiveCode allows you to save your stack as an Android application, and also to deploy it on an Android device or simulator from the IDE.

Android deployment is possible from Windows, Linux and Mac OSX.

The Android engine supports devices using ARMv6, ARMv7 or ARMv8 processors. It will run on the following versions of Android:

- 2.3.3-2.3.7 (Gingerbread)
- 4.0 (Ice Cream Sandwich)
- 4.1-4.3 (Jelly Bean)
- 4.4 (KitKat)
- 5.0-5.1 (Lollipop)
- 6.0 (Marshmallow)
- 7.0 (Nougat)
- 8.0 (Oreo)

To enable deployment to Android devices, you need to download the Android SDK, and then use the ‘Android SDK Manager’ to install:

- the latest "Android SDK Tools"
- the latest "Android SDK Platform Tools"

You also need to install the Java Development Kit (JDK). On Linux, this usually packaged as "openjdk". LiveCode requires JDK version 1.6 or later.

Once you have set the path of your Android SDK in the "Mobile Support" section of the LiveCode
IDE's preferences, you can deploy your stack to Android devices.

Some users have reported successful Android Watch deployment, but it is not officially supported.

**HTML5**

LiveCode applications can be deployed to run in a web browser, by running the LiveCode engine in JavaScript and using modern HTML5 JavaScript APIs.

HTML5 deployment does not require any additional development tools to be installed.

LiveCode HTML5 standalone applications are currently supported for running in recent versions of Mozilla Firefox, Google Chrome or Safari. For more information, please see the "HTML5 Deployment" guide in the LiveCode IDE.

**Setup**

**Installation**

Each version of LiveCode installs can be installed to its own, separate folder. This allows multiple versions of LiveCode to be installed side-by-side. On Windows (and Linux), each version of LiveCode has its own Start Menu (or application menu) entry. On Mac OS X, each version has its own app bundle.

On Mac OS X, install LiveCode by mounting the .dmg file and dragging the app bundle to the Applications folder (or any other suitable location).

For Windows and Linux, the default installation locations when installing for "All Users" are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Platform</th>
<th>Path</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Windows</td>
<td><code>&lt;x86 program files folder&gt;/RunRev/LiveCode &lt;version&gt;</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Linux</td>
<td><code>/opt/livecode/livecode-&lt;version&gt;</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The installations when installing for "This User" are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Platform</th>
<th>Path</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Windows</td>
<td><code>&lt;user roaming app data folder&gt;/RunRev/Components/LiveCode &lt;version&gt;</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Linux</td>
<td><code>~/.runrev/components/livecode-&lt;version&gt;</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** If installing for "All Users" on Linux, either the `gksu` tool must be available, or you must manually run the LiveCode installer executable as root (e.g. using `sudo` or `su`).

**Uninstallation**

On Windows, the installer hooks into the standard Windows uninstall mechanism. This is accessible
from the "Add or Remove Programs" applet in the windows Control Panel.

On Mac OS X, drag the app bundle to the Trash.

On Linux, LiveCode can be removed using the \texttt{setup.x86} or \texttt{setup.x86\_64} program located in LiveCode's installation directory.

\section*{Reporting installer issues}

If you find that the installer fails to work for you then please report it using the \texttt{LiveCode Quality Control Centre} or by emailing support@livecode.com. Please include the following information in your report:

- Your platform and operating system version
- The location of your home or user folder
- The type of user account you are using (guest, restricted, admin etc.)
- The installer log file.

The installer log file can be located as follows:

\begin{center}
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline
\textbf{Platform} & \textbf{Path} \\
\hline
Windows 2000/XP & \texttt{<documents and settings folder>/<user>/Local Settings/} \\
Windows Vista/7 & \texttt{<users folder>/<user>/AppData/Local/RunRev/Logs} \\
Linux & \texttt{<home>/.runrev/logs} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\end{center}

\section*{Activating LiveCode Indy or Business edition}

The licensing system ties your product licenses to a customer account system, meaning that you no longer have to worry about finding a license key after installing a new copy of LiveCode. Instead, you simply have to enter your email address and password that has been registered with our customer account system and your license key will be retrieved automatically.

Alternatively it is possible to activate the product via the use of a specially encrypted license file. These will be available for download from the customer center after logging into your account. This method will allow the product to be installed on machines that do not have access to the internet.

\section*{Command-line installation}

It is possible to invoke the installer from the command-line on Linux and Windows. When doing command-line installation, no GUI will be displayed. The installation process is controlled by arguments passed to the installer.

Run the installer using a command in the form:

\begin{verbatim}
<installer> install noui [OPTION ...]
\end{verbatim}

where \texttt{<installer>} should be replaced with the path of the installer executable or app (inside
the DMG) that has been downloaded. The result of the installation operation will be written to the console.

The installer understands any of the following OPTIONs:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-allusers</td>
<td>Install the IDE for &quot;All Users&quot;. If not specified, LiveCode will be installed for the current user only.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>desktopshortcut</td>
<td>Place a shortcut on the Desktop (Windows-only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>startmenu</td>
<td>Place shortcuts in the Start Menu (Windows-only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-location LOCATION</td>
<td>The folder to install into. If not specified, the LOCATION defaults to those described in the &quot;Installation&quot; section above.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-log LOGFILE</td>
<td>The file to which to log installation actions. If not specified, no log is generated.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: the command-line installer does not do any authentication. When installing for "All Users", you will need to run the installer command as an administrator.

As the installer is actually a GUI application, it needs to be run slightly differently from other command-line programs.

On Windows, the command is:

```
start /wait <installer> install noui [OPTION ...]
```

Command-line uninstallation

It is possible to uninstall LiveCode from the command-line on Windows and Linux. When doing command-line uninstallation, no GUI will be displayed.

Run the uninstaller using a command of the form:

```
<uninstaller> uninstall noui
```

Where is .setup.exe on Windows, and .setup.x86 on Linux. This executable, for both of the platforms, is located in the folder where LiveCode is installed.

The result of the uninstallation operation will be written to the console.

Note: the command-line uninstaller does not do any authentication. When removing a version of LiveCode installed for "All Users", you will need to run the uninstaller command as an administrator.

Command-line activation for LiveCode Indy or Business edition

It is possible to activate an installation of LiveCode for all users by using the command-line. When
performing command-line activation, no GUI is displayed. Activation is controlled by passing command-line arguments to LiveCode.

Activate LiveCode using a command of the form:

```
<livecode> activate -file LICENSEFILE -passphrase SECRET
```

where `<livecode>` should be replaced with the path to the LiveCode executable or app that has been previously installed.

This loads license information from the manual activation file `LICENSEFILE`, decrypts it using the given `SECRET` passphrase, and installs a license file for all users of the computer. Manual activation files can be downloaded from the My Products page in the LiveCode account management site.

It is also possible to deactivate LiveCode with:

```
<livecode> deactivate
```

Since LiveCode is actually a GUI application, it needs to be run slightly differently from other command-line programs.

On Windows, the command is:

```
start /wait <livecode> activate -file LICENSE -passphrase SECRET
start /wait <livecode> deactivate
```

On Mac OS X, you need to do:

```
<livecode>/Contents/MacOS/LiveCode activate -file LICENSE -passphrase SECRET
<livecode>/Contents/MacOS/LiveCode deactivate
```

### Engine changes

#### Support resizing stacks for orientation changes in fullscreen modes (8.1.10-rc-1)

A new mobile command `mobileSetFullScreenRectForOrientations` has been implemented to allow stacks that use the `fullscreenMode` property to be resized when the device orientation changes.
Specific engine bug fixes (8.1.10-rc-1)

- 13180 Allow GPS access from Android Browser
- 20925 Fix crash when repeatedly dragging
- 20961 Clear the menu object when moving from one menu to another
- 20997 Add tsNet builds for iOS SDK 11.3
- 21019 Support resizing stacks for orientation changes in fullscreen modes
- 21062 Fix detection of HTTP digest authentication with tsNet
- 21109 Ensure when setting the fullClipboardData["text"] to only clear the clipboard if it contains styled text and do not clear private data

IDE changes

Specific IDE bug fixes (8.1.10-rc-1)

- 20647 Ensure Dictionary responds to cmd+W shortcut

Dictionary additions

- `mobileSetFullScreenRectForOrientations` (command) has been added to the dictionary.

Previous release notes

- LiveCode 9.0.0 Release Notes
- LiveCode 8.1.9 Release Notes
- LiveCode 8.1.8 Release Notes
- LiveCode 8.1.7 Release Notes
- LiveCode 8.1.6 Release Notes
- LiveCode 8.1.5 Release Notes
- LiveCode 8.1.4 Release Notes
- LiveCode 8.1.3 Release Notes
- LiveCode 8.1.2 Release Notes
- LiveCode 8.1.1 Release Notes
- LiveCode 8.1.0 Release Notes
- LiveCode 8.0.2 Release Notes
- LiveCode 8.0.1 Release Notes
- LiveCode 8.0.0 Release Notes
- LiveCode 7.1.4 Release Notes
- LiveCode 7.1.3 Release Notes
- LiveCode 7.1.2 Release Notes
- LiveCode 7.1.1 Release Notes
- LiveCode 7.1.0 Release Notes
- LiveCode 7.0.6 Release Notes
- LiveCode 7.0.4 Release Notes
- LiveCode 7.0.3 Release Notes
- LiveCode 7.0.1 Release Notes
- LiveCode 7.0.0 Release Notes
- LiveCode 6.7.9 Release Notes
- LiveCode 6.7.8 Release Notes
- LiveCode 6.7.7 Release Notes
- LiveCode 6.7.6 Release Notes
- LiveCode 6.7.4 Release Notes
- LiveCode 6.7.2 Release Notes
- LiveCode 6.7.11 Release Notes
- LiveCode 6.7.10 Release Notes
- LiveCode 6.7.1 Release Notes
- LiveCode 6.7.0 Release Notes
- LiveCode 6.6.2 Release Notes
- LiveCode 6.6.1 Release Notes
- LiveCode 6.6.0 Release Notes
- LiveCode 6.5.2 Release Notes
- LiveCode 6.5.1 Release Notes
- LiveCode 6.5.0 Release Notes
- LiveCode 6.1.3 Release Notes
- LiveCode 6.1.2 Release Notes
- LiveCode 6.1.1 Release Notes
- LiveCode 6.1.0 Release Notes
- LiveCode 6.0.2 Release Notes
- LiveCode 6.0.1 Release Notes
- LiveCode 6.0.0 Release Notes