

# LiveCode 9.6.5 Release Notes

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## Overview

LiveCode 9.0 enables access to libraries and platform APIs written in many other languages thanks to the community-funded 'Infinite LiveCode' project.

This includes a greatly improved LiveCode Builder virtual machine.

LiveCode 9.0 contains many additional improvements to support LiveCode app developers,

including:

- A new "spinner" widget
- OAuth2 authentication library for use with web APIs (e.g. Facebook, Google and GitHub)
- A command argument parser library for building command-line standalones
- Updates and performance improvements for existing widgets

## Known issues

- The installer will currently fail if you run it from a network share on Windows. Please copy the installer to a local disk before launching on this platform.
- The browser widget does not work on 32-bit Linux.
- 64-bit standalones for Mac OS X do not have support for audio recording.

## Breaking changes

### Boolean constants

In this release, boolean constants `true` and `false` have been changed so that they resolve to values of boolean type (rather than string). This will affect any uses of the `is strictly` operator on such values, i.e. previously the following were true:

```
true is strictly a string false is strictly a string
```

Now, they are both false, and the following are true:

```
true is strictly a boolean false is strictly a boolean
```

Boolean constants passed as elements of arrays to LCB handlers will not require conversion to boolean values in LCB - in fact any attempt to do so assuming they are strings will cause an error. Any array elements which are intended to be booleans in LCB should be checked for their type before conversion. For example, any of the following could be done by an LCB library user:

```
put true into tArray["enabled"]
put "true" into tArray["enabled"]
put (tVar is not "enabled") into tArray["enabled"]
```

An LCB handler to which `tArray` is passed should do the following:

```
variable tEnabled as Boolean
if tArray["enabled"] is a boolean then
    put tAction["enabled"] into tEnabled
else
    put tAction["enabled"] parsed as boolean into tEnabled
end if
```

## Infinity constant

The constant `infinity` has been added to the language in this release. As a result, the unquoted literal `infinity` is now reserved. Any existing uses of it should be quoted, as otherwise it will resolve to the floating point value representing infinity, rather than the string "infinity".

## Implicit object

A number of LCB commands use an implicit object to provide context for their execution. Some of these commands also allow specifying an explicit object. These commands are:

- `execute script`
- `send`
- `post`
- `image from file`
- `resolve file` - new in this version

In previous releases `execute script` and `image from file` would use `this card of the defaultStack` as the implicit object even if called from a widget. The `send` and `post` commands, however, used `this card of the defaultStack` when in a library module handler and the host widget when in a widget module handler. This release changes `execute script` and `image from file` to also use the host widget as the implicit object. This means, for example, that `image from file` will resolve a relative file path relative to the `stackFile` the host widget is on rather than the `stackFile` of the `defaultStack`.

## Platform support

The engine supports a variety of operating systems and versions. This section describes the platforms that we ensure the engine runs on without issue (although in some cases with reduced functionality).

### Windows

LiveCode supports the following versions of Windows:

- Windows 7 (both 32-bit and 64-bit)
- Windows Server 2008
- Windows 8.x (Desktop)
- Windows 10

**Note:** On 64-bit Windows installations, LiveCode can run either as a 32-bit application through the WoW layer or as a native 64-bit Windows application, depending on the installer that is chosen.

## Linux

LiveCode supports the following Linux distributions, on 32-bit or 64-bit Intel/AMD or compatible processors:

- Ubuntu 14.04 and 16.04
- Fedora 23 & 24
- Debian 7 (Wheezy) and 8 (Jessie) [server]
- CentOS 7 [server]

LiveCode may also run on Linux installations which meet the following requirements:

- Required dependencies for core functionality:
  - glibc 2.13 or later
  - glib 2.0 or later
- Optional requirements for GUI functionality:
  - GTK/GDK 2.24 or later
  - Pango with Xft support
  - esd (optional, needed for audio output)
  - mplayer (optional, needed for media player functionality)
  - lcms (optional, required for color profile support in images)
  - gksu (optional, required for privilege elevation support)

**Note:** If the optional requirements are not present then LiveCode will still run but the specified features will be disabled.

**Note:** The requirements for GUI functionality are also required by Firefox and Chrome, so if your Linux distribution runs one of those, it will run LiveCode.

**Note:** It may be possible to compile and run LiveCode Community for Linux on other architectures but this is not officially supported.

## Mac

The Mac engine supports:

- 10.9.x (Mavericks)
- 10.10.x (Yosemite)
- 10.11.x (El Capitan)
- 10.12.x (Sierra)
- 10.13.x (High Sierra)

- 10.14.x (Mojave)
- 10.15.x (Catalina)
- 11.x (Big Sur)

## iOS

iOS deployment is possible when running LiveCode IDE on a Mac, and provided Xcode is installed and has been set in LiveCode *Preferences* (in the *Mobile Support* pane).

Currently, the supported versions of Xcode are:

- Xcode 9.2 on MacOS 10.12 (Note: You need to upgrade to 10.12.6)
- Xcode 10.1 on MacOS 10.13 (Note: You need to upgrade to 10.13.4)
- Xcode 11.3 on MacOS 10.14 (Note: You need to upgrade to 10.14.4)
- Xcode 12.4 on MacOS 10.15 and above (Note: You need to upgrade to 10.15.4)
- Xcode 12.5 on MacOS 11.0 and above

It is also possible to set other versions of Xcode, to allow testing on a wider range of iOS simulators. For instance, on MacOS 10.13 (High Sierra), you can add *Xcode 9.2* in the *Mobile Support* preferences, to let you test your stack on the *iOS Simulator 11.2*.

We currently support building against the following versions of the iOS SDK:

- 11.2 (included in Xcode 9.2)
- 12.1 (included in Xcode 10.1)
- 13.2 (included in Xcode 11.3)
- 14.4 (included in Xcode 12.4)
- 14.5 (included in Xcode 12.5)

## Android

LiveCode allows you to save your stack as an Android application, and also to deploy it on an Android device or simulator from the IDE.

Android deployment is possible from Windows, Linux and Mac OSX.

The Android engine supports devices using x86, x86-64, ARM and ARM64 processors. It will run on the following versions of Android:

- 5.0-5.1 (Lollipop)
- 6.0 (Marshmallow)
- 7.x (Nougat)
- 8.x (Oreo)
- 9.0 (Pie)
- 10.0 (Q)

To enable deployment to Android devices, you need to download the [Android SDK](#), and then use the 'Android SDK Manager' to install:

- the latest "Android SDK Tools"
- the latest "Android SDK Platform Tools"

You also need to install the Java Development Kit (JDK). On Linux, this usually packaged as "openjdk". LiveCode requires JDK version 1.6 or later.

Once you have set the path of your Android SDK in the "Mobile Support" section of the LiveCode IDE's preferences, you can deploy your stack to Android devices.

Some users have reported successful Android Watch deployment, but it is not officially supported.

## HTML5

LiveCode applications can be deployed to run in a web browser, by running the LiveCode engine in JavaScript and using modern HTML5 JavaScript APIs.

HTML5 deployment does not require any additional development tools to be installed.

LiveCode HTML5 standalone applications are currently supported for running in recent versions of [Mozilla Firefox](#), [Google Chrome](#) or [Safari](#). For more information, please see the "HTML5 Deployment" guide in the LiveCode IDE.

# Setup

## Installation

Each version of LiveCode installs can be installed to its own, separate folder. This allow multiple versions of LiveCode to be installed side-by-side. On Windows (and Linux), each version of LiveCode has its own Start Menu (or application menu) entry. On Mac OS X, each version has its own app bundle.

On Mac OS X, install LiveCode by mounting the `.dmg` file and dragging the app bundle to the `Applications` folder (or any other suitable location).

For Windows and Linux, the default installation locations when installing for "All Users" are:

Platform	Path
Windows	<code>&lt;x86 program files folder&gt;/RunRev/LiveCode &lt;version&gt;</code>
Linux	<code>/opt/livecode/livecode-&lt;version&gt;</code>

The installations when installing for "This User" are:

Platform	Path
Windows	<code>&lt;user roaming app data folder&gt;/RunRev/Components/LiveCode &lt;version&gt;</code>
Linux	<code>~/.runrev/components/livecode-&lt;version&gt;</code>

**Note:** If installing for "All Users" on Linux, either the `gksu` tool must be available, or you must manually run the LiveCode installer executable as root (e.g. using `sudo` or `su`).

## Uninstallation

On Windows, the installer hooks into the standard Windows uninstall mechanism. This is accessible from the "Add or Remove Programs" applet in the windows Control Panel.

On Mac OS X, drag the app bundle to the Trash.

On Linux, LiveCode can be removed using the `setup.x86` or `setup.x86_64` program located in LiveCode's installation directory.

## Reporting installer issues

If you find that the installer fails to work for you then please report it using the [LiveCode Quality Control Centre](#) or by emailing [support@livecode.com](mailto:support@livecode.com).

Please include the following information in your report:

- Your platform and operating system version
- The location of your home or user folder
- The type of user account you are using (guest, restricted, admin etc.)
- The installer log file.

The installer log file can be located as follows:

Platform	Path
Windows 2000/XP	<documents and settings folder>/<user>/Local Settings/
Windows Vista/7	<users folder>/<user>/AppData/Local/RunRev/Logs
Linux	<home>/ .runrev/logs

## Activating LiveCode

The licensing system ties your product licenses to a customer account system, meaning that you no longer have to worry about finding a license key after installing a new copy of LiveCode. Instead, you simply have to enter your email address and password that has been registered with our customer account system and your license key will be retrieved automatically.

Alternatively it is possible to activate the product via the use of a specially encrypted license file. These will be available for download from the customer center after logging into your account. This method will allow the product to be installed on machines that do not have access to the internet.

## Command-line installation

It is possible to invoke the installer from the command-line on Linux and Windows. When doing command-line installation, no GUI will be displayed. The installation process is controlled by arguments passed to the installer.

Run the installer using a command in the form:

```
<installer> install -ui [OPTION ...]
```

where `<installer>` should be replaced with the path of the installer executable or app (inside the DMG) that has been downloaded. The result of the installation operation will be written to the console.

The installer understands any of the following `OPTION`s:

Option	Description
<code>-allusers</code>	Install the IDE for "All Users". If not specified, LiveCode will be installed for the current user only.
<code>-desktopshortcut</code>	Place a shortcut on the Desktop (Windows-only)
<code>-startmenu</code>	Place shortcuts in the Start Menu (Windows-only)
<code>-location LOCATION</code>	The folder to install into. If not specified, the <code>LOCATION</code> defaults to those described in the "Installation" section above.
<code>-log LOGFILE</code>	The file to which to log installation actions. If not specified, no log is generated.

**Note:** the command-line installer does not do any authentication. When installing for "All Users", you will need to run the installer command as an administrator.

As the installer is actually a GUI application, it needs to be run slightly differently from other command-line programs.

On Windows, the command is:

```
start /wait <installer> install -ui [OPTION ...]
```

## Command-line uninstallation

It is possible to uninstall LiveCode from the command-line on Windows and Linux. When doing command-line uninstallation, no GUI will be displayed.

Run the uninstaller using a command of the form:

```
<uninstaller> uninstall -ui
```

Where `.setup.exe` on Windows, and `.setup.x86` on Linux. This executable, for both of the platforms, is located in the folder where LiveCode is installed.

The result of the uninstallation operation will be written to the console.

**Note:** the command-line uninstaller does not do any authentication. When removing a version of LiveCode installed for "All Users", you will need to run the uninstaller command as an administrator.



## Command-line activation

It is possible to activate an installation of LiveCode for all users by using the command-line. When performing command-line activation, no GUI is displayed. Activation is controlled by passing command-line arguments to LiveCode.

Activate LiveCode using a command of the form:

```
<livecode> activate -file LICENSEFILE -passphrase SECRET
```

where `<livecode>` should be replaced with the path to the LiveCode executable or app that has been previously installed.

This loads license information from the manual activation file `LICENSEFILE`, decrypts it using the given `SECRET` passphrase, and installs a license file for all users of the computer. Manual activation files can be downloaded from the [My Products](#) page in the LiveCode account management site.

It is also possible to deactivate LiveCode with:

```
<livecode> deactivate
```

Since LiveCode is actually a GUI application, it needs to be run slightly differently from other command-line programs.

On Windows, the command is:

```
start /wait <livecode> activate -file LICENSE -passphrase SECRET
start /wait <livecode> deactivate
```

On Mac OS X, you need to do:

```
<livecode>/Contents/MacOS/LiveCode activate -file LICENSE -passphrase SECRET
<livecode>/Contents/MacOS/LiveCode deactivate
```

## LiveCode engine changes

### Android API 30 Update

The Android engine is now built using version 30 of the Android API, a requirement for new apps submitted to the Google Play store.

This has required some changes for Android apps:

- mobilePickContact will now request permission to read contact data
- Apps are now signed with a version 2 signature. This is an internal change and should be invisible to both app users and developers.
- GMC (Google Cloud Messaging) has now been retired, and replaced with Firebase Messaging. This requires a small change to Android Standalone Application Settings: the Push Sender ID should be replaced with the path to a google-settings.json configuration file which can be downloaded from the Firebase console.

## Specific engine bug fixes (9.6.5-rc-3)

- 23397 Ensure the App Tracking Transparency dialog is shown when queued up after other permission dialogs
- 23408 Fix crash on Android when receiving a push notification with no badge in the payload.
- 23442 Fix incorrect arithmetic involving string variables which have been targetted with replace
- 23450 Fix incorrect result of specific string mutation operations
- 23456 The pushNotificationReceived message will now be sent on Android for push notifications received when the app is not running in the foreground

## Specific engine bug fixes (9.6.5-rc-2)

- 23359 Fix Android standalones built with a trial license crashing on startup
- 23364 Fix intermittent crash on startup when apps run on iOS 15
- 23367 Fix abort on startup of mobile apps when using the **Test** button without the pro features pack.
- 23374 Fix regression in performance of simple loops involving accumulating string variables

## Specific engine bug fixes (9.6.5-rc-1)

- 22251 Android standalones can now be deployed as app bundles
- 23105 The Android engine is now built using version 30 of the Android API
- 23192 Fix error when building Android standalone with map and barcodereader widgets included
- 23267 Fix browser widget on iOS not sending load events in response to user navigation
- 23319 Improve speed of appending to large strings and encoding large arrays on Windows
- 23331 Looking up integer indices around  $-2^{31}$  in numerically keyed arrays will no longer fail in specific circumstances
- 23346 Fix long engine exit time when many loaded fonts and objects/paragraphs are still in memory

LiveCode IDE changes

## Specific IDE bug fixes (9.6.5)

- 23365** Fix error when completing interactive tutorials when pro features pack is not present

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